





Quarterly Investment Report | 4Q23

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Please note that this material contains the opinions of the manager as of the date noted, and may not have been updated to reflect real time market developments. All opinions are subject to change without notice.

Executive summary

Portfolio Performance

The Mortgage Backed Securities Fund returned 6.40% (net of fees) in Q4. Structured Agency MBS positions, GNMA MBS positions and exposure to senior CLOs contributed to performance while U.S. duration positioning, exposure to senior non-Agency RMBS and conventional MBS positions detracted from performance.

CONTRIBUTORS

- Structured Agency MBS positions
- GNMA MBS Positions
- Exposure to senior CLOs

DETRACTORS

- U.S. duration positioning
- Exposure to senior non-Agency RMBS
- Conventional MBS Positions

Performance periods ended 31 Dec '23	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 yr.	3 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.	SI
Fund before fees	6.54	2.84	6.22	-2.18	1.16	2.46	5.10
Fund after fees	6.40	2.58	5.70	-2.67	0.65	1.95	4.58
Benchmark*	7.48	3.12	5.05	-2.86	0.25	1.39	3.90

Performance quoted represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee or a reliable indicator of future results. Investment return and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate. Shares may be worth more or less than original cost when redeemed. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance shown. For performance current to the most recent month end, visit pimco.com or call 888.87.PIMCO.

Portfolio strategy

Interest rate strategies: We tactically adjust our exposure to duration as a way to diversify the spread risk within the portfolio.

Agency MBS relative value strategies: We look to adjust our Agency MBS spread exposure as a function of valuations. During the quarter, we decreased our relative Agency MBS spread exposure and maintained our overweight position versus the benchmark.

Mortgage credit strategies: We remain constructive on mortgage credit, with a preference for senior non-Agency RMBS. We are taking a selective approach to risk-taking in CMBS, and we continue to prefer select ABS and CLOs among high quality spread assets.

Class:	INST
Inception date:	31 Jul '97
Fund assets (in millions):	\$143.23
Gross expense ratio:	1.12%
Adjusted expense ratio:	0.50%

The Adjusted Expense Ratio excludes certain investment expenses, such as interest expense from borrowings and repurchase agreements and dividend expense from investments on short sales, incurred directly by the Fund or indirectly through the Fund's investments in underlying PIMCO Funds (if applicable), none of which are paid to PIMCO.

Summary information	31 Dec '23
30-day SEC yield	3.77%
Distribution yield	4.86%
Effective duration (yrs)	5.71
Effective maturity (yrs)	9.74
Average coupon	3.68%
Tracking error (10 yrs)	1.10
Information ratio (10 yrs)	0.49

Sector allocation	Dur. (yrs)	MV
GNMA MBS	1.40	24.61%
FNMA, FHLMC and Other Agency MBS	4.95	104.13%
Non-Agency MBS	0.34	7.72%
Home Equity ABS	0.09	1.75%
CMBS	0.00	0.00%
Other MBS	0.00	0.18%
U.S. Government Related	-0.95	-29.33%
Other	0.06	1.17%
Net Short Duration Instruments	-0.18	-10.23%
Total	5.71	100%

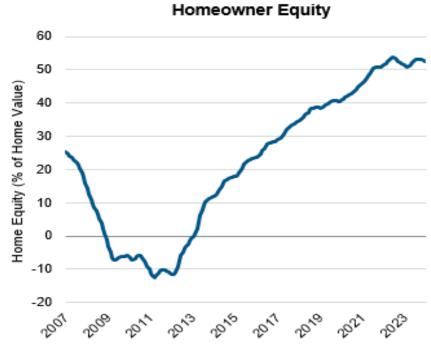
*Bloomberg U.S. MBS Fixed-Rate Index;

Quarter in Review

The mortgage market continues to offer compelling relative value opportunities at attractive valuations

Agency MBS¹ returned 7.48% in the fourth quarter, outperforming like-duration Treasuries by 133 bps. Legacy non-Agency residential MBS spreads widened modestly during the quarter while non-Agency CMBS² returned 4.90%, outperforming like-duration Treasuries by 73 bps.

Spreads tightened during the fourth quarter and Agency MBS valuations remain at attractive levels from a historical standpoint.



Senior non-Agency MBS fundamentals remain robust despite challenged affordability.

Source: PIMCO

Source: PIMCO

Homeowner equity measured by 100% - loan to value.

¹ Represented by the Bloomberg Fixed Rate MBS Index

² Represented by the Bloomberg Investment Grade Non-Agency CMBS Index

Market Summary

Mortgages outperformed during the quarter as spreads tightened.

Agency MBS spreads tightened in Q4 and remain at attractive levels.

Interest rates

U.S. interest rates decreased during the quarter and we decreased the Fund's duration exposure. We continue to utilize interest rate options to help hedge extension and prepayment risk.

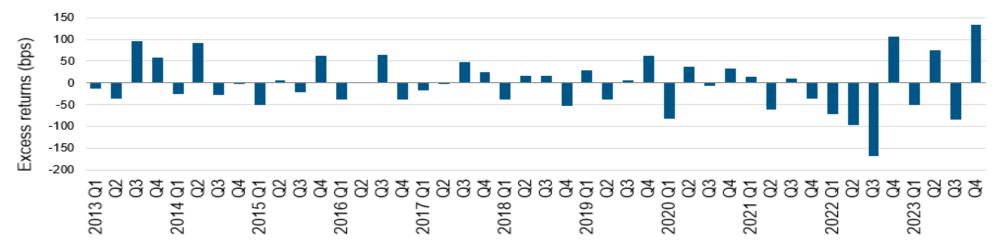
Agency MBS

Agency MBS outperformed like-duration Treasuries during the quarter, with higher coupons outperforming lower coupons. GNMA MBS underperformed conventional MBS during the quarter.

Mortgage credit

We continue to maintain exposure to senior non-Agency RMBS and CMBS. Senior non-Agency MBS stand out as attractive and benefit from the steady U.S. housing market, which is supported by limited long-term supply and strong borrower fundamentals. We are taking a cautious and selective approach in CMBS markets, focusing on securities with stable cash flow profiles that are resilient across a wide range of economic scenarios.

Bloomberg Fixed Rate MBS quarterly performance



Source: Bloomberg

Navigating the Descent: Four economic themes



Peak inflation and rising unemployment consistent with rate cuts



Soft landings are possible, but risks remain



Markets already price a substantial cutting cycle



Global divergence in monetary policy

As of 31 December 2023. Source: PIMCO

Portfolio Outlook

Strategic Positioning

Even with tightening over the fourth quarter, MBS spreads remain at attractive levels when compared historically. Gross issuance was down 5% m/m in December and down 5% y/y. The Fed continued to allow about \$20bn of MBS to roll off its balance sheet, the FDIC has now completed 100% of their pass-through sales from their balance sheet, and U.S. mortgage rates increased to 6.99% in December. Despite elevated mortgage rates, we do not believe that challenged affordability will have a material impact on fundamental quality of non-Agency MBS.

Key strategies

Interest rate strategies

We shifted to a moderate underweight exposure to U.S. duration and continue to scale exposure based on interest rate levels and compensation for risk. We believe duration can be useful diversifier to the fund's mortgage credit exposure.

Agency MBS relative value

We have remained underweight in lower coupons given demand pressures and overweight in higher coupons given stronger valuations and expected carry.

Mortgage credit

Senior non-Agency MBS remain an area of high conviction given compelling base case yields and seniority in the capital structure. We are taking a cautious and selective approach to CMBS, and we continue to prefer select ABS and CLOs among high quality spread assets.

Position

Historical duration vs. benchmark



Historical Agency MBS spread duration contribution vs. benchmark



Historical non-Agency MBS market weighted spread duration



Source: PIMCO

Sector exposure

		Por	Benchmark				
	% of Mar	ket value	Duration	in years	% of Market value	Duration in years	
	30 Sep '23	31 Dec '23	30 Sep '23	31 Dec '23	31 Dec '23	31 Dec '23	
GNMA MBS	22.20	24.61	1.28	1.40	22.95	1.28	
FNMA, FHLMC and Other Agency MBS	118.15	104.13	6.85	4.95	77.05	4.61	
Non-Agency MBS	9.65	7.72	0.46	0.34	-	-	
Home Equity ABS	1.98	1.75	0.10	0.09	-	-	
CMBS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Other MBS	0.15	0.18	0.00	0.00	-	-	
US Government Related	-37.81	-29.33	-2.07	-0.95	-	-	
Other***	1.27	1.17	0.07	0.06	-	-	
Net Short Duration Instruments****	-15.58	-10.23	-0.48	-0.18	-	-	
Commingled Cash Vehicles	4.41	2.79	0.01	0.00	-	-	
Commercial Paper/STIF	0.39	1.12	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Certificate of Deposit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Government Related	1.38	4.76	0.00	0.04	-	-	
Mortgage	10.08	10.17	0.04	0.03	-	-	
ABS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Credit	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Bankers Acceptance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Other***	-7.99	-7.01	-0.00	-0.00	-	-	
Money Market Futures/Options	-8.42	-0.41	-0.08	0.00	-	-	
Swaps and Other Options	-13.52	-12.78	-0.45	-0.25	-	-	
Derivative Offset	60.01	41.63	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Net Unsettled Trades	-61.93	-50.50	0.00	0.00	-	-	
Total	100	100	6.21	5.71	100	5.89	

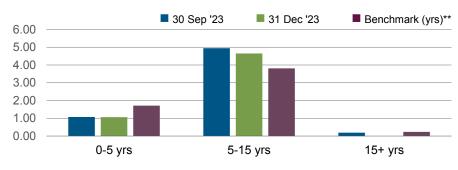
Benchmark: Bloomberg U.S. MBS Fixed-Rate Index

^{***}Investment vehicles not listed, allowed by prospectus.

^{****}Net Other Short Duration Instruments includes securities and other instruments (except instruments tied to emerging markets by country of risk) with an effective duration less than one year and rated investment grade or higher or, if unrated, determined by PIMCO to be of comparable quality, commingled liquidity funds, uninvested cash, interest receivables, net unsettled trades, broker money and derivatives offset. With respect to certain categories of short duration securities, the Adviser reserves the discretion to require a minimum credit rating higher than investment grade for inclusion in this category.

Portfolio characteristics

Key rate duration exposure



	Portfol	io (yrs)	Benchmark (yrs)**			
	30 Sep '23	31 Dec '23	31 Dec '23			
0-5 yrs	1.07	1.06	1.71			
5-15 yrs	4.95	4.65	3.81			
15+ yrs	0.19	-0.00	0.23			
Total	6.21	5.71	5.75			

Interest rate exposure

	Portfol	io (yrs)	Benchmark (yrs)**		
	30 Sep '23	31 Dec '23	31 Dec '23		
Effective duration	6.21	5.71	5.75		
Bull market duration	5.96	5.84	5.42		
Bear market duration	6.47	6.30	6.03		
Spread duration					
Mortgage spread duration	9.09	7.35	5.83		
Corporate spread duration	0.01	0.00	0.00		
Emerging markets spread duration	0.08	0.07	0.00		
Swap spread duration	-4.03	-2.59	0.00		
Covered bond spread duration	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Sovereign related spread duration	0.00	0.00	0.00		

Derivative exposure (% of duration)

	30 Sep '23	31 Dec '23
Government futures	24.01	25.24
Interest rate swaps	-39.74	-34.72
Credit default swaps*	0.00	0.00
Purchased swaps	0.00	0.00
Written swaps	0.00	0.00
Options	-24.17	-15.66
Purchased Options	-45.29	-10.81
Written Options	21.12	-4.85
Mortgage Derivatives	3.36	3.61
Money Market Derivatives	-2.78	-1.01
Futures	-1.22	0.00
Interest rate swaps	-1.56	-1.01
Other Derivatives	0.29	0.28

^{*} Shown as a percentage of market value

^{**}Benchmark duration is calculated by PIMCO Benchmark: Bloomberg U.S. MBS Fixed-Rate Index

Additional share class performance

PIMCO Mortgage-Backed Securities Fund (net of fees performance)

	Gross expense	Net expense	Adjusted expense		Class Inception							
Performance periods ended: 31 Dec '23	ratio	ratio	ratio	currency	date	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 yr.	3 yrs.	5 yrs.	10 yrs.	SI
Class A (at NAV)	1.52	-	0.90	USD	31 Jul '00	6.30	2.38	5.28	-3.06	0.25	1.54	4.16
Class A (at MOP)	1.52	-	0.90	USD	31 Jul '00	2.36	-1.46	1.34	-4.28	-0.51	1.15	4.01
Class C (at NAV)	2.27	-	1.65	USD	31 Jul '00	6.10	1.99	4.50	-3.77	-0.49	0.79	3.38
Class C (at MOP)	2.27	-	1.65	USD	31 Jul '00	5.10	0.99	3.50	-3.77	-0.49	0.79	3.38
Class I-2	1.22	-	0.60	USD	30 Apr '08	6.38	2.53	5.59	-2.77	0.55	1.85	4.47
Class I-3	1.32	1.27	0.65	USD	27 Apr '18	6.36	2.51	5.54	-2.82	0.50	1.79	4.42
Class INST	1.12	-	0.50	USD	31 Jul '97	6.40	2.58	5.70	-2.67	0.65	1.95	4.58
Bloomberg U.S. MBS Fixed-Rate Index						7.48	3.12	5.05	-2.86	0.25	1.39	3.90

The Net Expense Ratio for the I-3 Class reflects a contractual supervisory and administrative fee waiver and/or expense reduction in place through 31 July 2024 and renews automatically for a full year unless terminated by PIMCO in accordance with the terms of the agreement. See the Fund's prospectus for more information.

The Adjusted Expense Ratio excludes certain investment expenses, such as interest expense from borrowings and repurchase agreements and dividend expense from investments on short sales, incurred directly by the Fund or indirectly through the Fund's investments in underlying PIMCO Funds (if applicable), none of which are paid to PIMCO.

Performance quoted represents past performance. Past performance is not a guarantee or a reliable indicator of future results. Investment return and the principal value of an investment will fluctuate. Shares may be worth more or less than original cost when redeemed. Current performance may be lower or higher than performance shown. For performance current to the most recent month end, visit pimco.com or call 888.87.PIMCO. The maximum offering price (MOP) returns take into account the Class A maximum initial sales charge of 3.75%. The maximum offering price (MOP) returns take into account the contingent deferred sales charge (CDSC) for Class C shares, which for this fund is 1.00%.

For the periods prior to the inception date of a share class, performance information is based on the performance of the Fund's oldest class shares, adjusted to reflect the fees and expenses paid by that class of shares.

Important Disclosures

This material is authorized for use only when preceded or accompanied by the current PIMCO funds prospectus or summary prospectus, if available.

Past performance is not a guarantee or a reliable indicator of future results. The performance figures presented reflect the total return performance, unless otherwise noted, after fees and reflect changes in share price and reinvestment of dividend and capital gain distributions. All periods longer than one year are annualized. Periods less than one year are cumulative. The minimum initial investment for Institutional, I-2, I-3 and Administrative class shares is \$1 million; however, it may be modified for certain financial intermediaries who submit trades on behalf of eligible investors.

There is no assurance that any fund, including any fund that has experienced **high or unusual performance** for one or more periods, will experience similar levels of performance in the future. High performance is defined as a significant increase in either 1) a fund's total return in excess of that of the fund's benchmark between reporting periods or 2) a fund's total return in excess of the fund's historical returns between reporting periods. Unusual performance is defined as a significant change in a fund's performance as compared to one or more previous reporting periods.

Differences in the Fund's performance versus the index and related attribution information with respect to particular categories of securities or individual positions may be attributable, in part, to differences in the pricing methodologies used by the Fund and the index.

Investments made by a Fund and the results achieved by a Fund are not expected to be the same as those made by any other PIMCO-advised Fund, including those with a similar name, investment objective or policies. A new or smaller Fund's performance may not represent how the Fund is expected to or may perform in the long-term. New Funds have limited operating histories for investors to evaluate and new and smaller Funds may not attract sufficient assets to achieve investment and trading efficiencies. A Fund may be forced to sell a comparatively large portion of its portfolio to meet significant shareholder redemptions for cash, or hold a comparatively large portion of its portfolio in cash due to significant share purchases for cash, in each case when the Fund otherwise would not seek to do so, which may adversely affect performance.

A word about risk: Investing in the bond market is subject to risks, including market, interest rate, issuer, credit, inflation risk, and liquidity risk. The value of most bonds and bond strategies are impacted by changes in interest rates. Bonds and bond strategies with longer durations tend to be more sensitive and volatile than those with shorter durations; bond prices generally fall as interest rates rise, and low interest rate environments increase this risk. Reductions in bond counterparty capacity may contribute to decreased market liquidity and increased price volatility. Bond investments may be worth more or less than the original cost when redeemed. Investing in foreign denominated and/or domiciled securities may involve heightened risk due to currency fluctuations, and economic and political risks, which may be enhanced in emerging markets. Mortgage and asset-backed securities may be sensitive to changes in interest rates, subject to early repayment risk, and their value may fluctuate in response to the market's perception of issuer creditworthiness; while generally supported by some form of government or private guarantee there is no assurance that private guarantors will meet their obligations. Equities may decline in value due to both real and perceived general market, economic, and industry conditions. Derivatives may involve certain costs and risks such as liquidity, interest rate, market, credit, management and the risk that a position could not be closed when most advantageous. Investing in derivatives could lose more than the amount invested. Diversification does not ensure against loss.

Portfolio allocations and other information in the charts in this Quarterly Investment Report are based on the fund's net assets. These percentages may differ from those used for the fund's compliance calculations, including the fund's prospectus, regulatory, and other investment limitations and policies, which may be based on total assets of the fund or other measurements, may include or exclude various categories of investments from those covered in the portfolio allocation categories shown in this report, and may be based on different classifications and measurements of the fund's investments and other criteria. All funds are separately monitored for compliance with prospectus and regulatory requirements.

Statements concerning financial market trends or portfolio strategies are based on current market conditions, which will fluctuate. There is no guarantee that these investment strategies will work under all market conditions or are appropriate for all investors and each investor should evaluate their ability to invest for the long term, especially during periods of downturn in the market. Outlook and strategies are subject to change without notice.

Forecasts, estimates and certain information contained herein are based upon proprietary research and should not be interpreted as investment advice, as an offer or solicitation, nor as the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. Forecasts and estimates have certain inherent limitations, and unlike an actual performance record, do not reflect actual trading, liquidity constraints, fees, and/or other costs. In addition, references to future results should not be construed as an estimate or promise of results that a client portfolio may achieve.

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Important Disclosures

Bloomberg U.S. MBS Fixed-Rate Index covers the mortgage-backed pass-through securities and hybrid ARM pools of Ginnie Mae (GNMA), Fannie Mae (FNMA), and Freddie Mac (FHLMC). The MBS Index is formed by grouping individual fixed rate MBS pools into generic aggregates. It is not possible to invest directly in an unmanaged index.

The following defined terms are used throughout the report. Emerging market short duration instruments includes an emerging market security or other instrument economically tied to an emerging market country by country of risk with an effective duration less than one year and rated investment grade or higher or if unrated, determined to be similar quality by PIMCO. Net other short duration instruments includes securities and other instruments (except instruments tied to emerging markets by country of risk) with an effective duration less than one year and rated investment grade or higher or, if unrated, determined by PIMCO to be of comparable quality, commingled liquidity funds, uninvested cash, interest receivables, net unsettled trades, broker money and derivatives offset. With respect to certain categories of short duration securities, the Adviser reserves the discretion to require a minimum credit rating higher than investment grade for inclusion in this category. Short duration derivatives and derivatives offsets include: 1) derivatives with an effective duration less than one year and where the country of risk is not an emerging market country (for example, Eurodollar futures) and 2) offsets associated with investments in futures, swaps and other derivatives. Such offsets may be taken at the notional value of the derivative position which in certain instances may exceed the actual amount owed on such positions. Municipals/Other may include convertibles, preferred and yankee bonds.

The performance figures presented reflect the performance for the institutional class unless otherwise noted.

A note about Sector exposure: Other indicates swaps and securities issued in euros.

A note about Emerging markets exposure by country of risk: country of risk reflects the country of incorporation of the ultimate parent company.

PIMCO uses an internal model for calculating effective duration, which may result in a different value for the duration of an index compared to the duration calculated by the index provider or another third party.

PIMCO as a general matter provides services to qualified institutions, financial intermediaries and institutional investors. Individual investors should contact their own financial professional to determine the most appropriate investment options for their financial situation. This material contains the current opinions of the manager and such opinions are subject to change without notice. This material has been distributed for informational purposes only and should not be considered as investment advice or a recommendation of any particular security, strategy or investment product. Information contained herein has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but not guaranteed. No part of this material may be reproduced in any form, or referred to in any other publication, without express written permission. PIMCO is a trademark of Allianz Asset Management of America LLC in the United States and throughout the world. **PIMCO Investments LLC, distributor**, 1633 Broadway, New York, NY, 10019 is a company of PIMCO ©2024 PIMCO.

Important Disclosures

Acronyms and definitions of investment terms used throughout the report:

Alpha is a measure of performance on a risk-adjusted basis calculated by comparing the volatility (price risk) of a portfolio vs. its risk-adjusted performance to a benchmark index; the excess return relative to the benchmark is alpha.

Average coupon is the average of the coupon payments of the underlying bonds within the portfolio.

Average effective maturity is a weighted average of all the maturities of the bonds in a portfolio, computed by weighting each bond's effective maturity by the market value of the security.

"Bend-but-not-break" refers to credits that PIMCO would not expect to default in a credit-stressed environment.

Beta is a measure of price sensitivity to market movements. Market beta is 1.

Breakeven inflation rate (or expectation) is a market-based measure of expected inflation or the difference between the yield of a nominal and an inflation-linked bond of the same maturity.

Carry is the rate of interest earned by holding the respective securities.

The terms "cheap" and "rich" as used herein generally refer to a security or asset class that is deemed to be substantially under- or overpriced compared to both its historical average as well as to the investment manager's future expectations. There is no guarantee of future results or that a security's valuation will ensure a profit or protect against a loss.

CPI is the Consumer Price Index.

The **credit quality** of a particular security or group of securities does not ensure the stability or safety of an overall portfolio. The quality ratings of individual issues/issuers are provided to indicate the credit-worthiness of such issues/issuer and generally range from AAA, Aaa, or AAA (highest) to D, C, or D (lowest) for S&P, Moody's, and Fitch respectively.

Dividend yield is represented by the weighted average coupon divided by the weighted average price.

Duration is the measure of a bond's price sensitivity to interest rates and is expressed in years.

Effective duration is the duration for a bond with an embedded option when the value is calculated to include the expected change in cash flow caused by the option as interest rates change.

Forward curve is a function graph that defines the prices at which a contract for future delivery or payment can be concluded today.

Fallen angel is a bond that was initially given an investment grade rating but has since been reduced to below investment grade status.

GFC is the Global Financial Crisis.

Information ratio is a ratio of portfolio returns above the returns of a benchmark to the volatility of those returns.

Like-duration Securities are calculated by the index provider by comparing the index return to a hypothetical matched position in the security.

LNG is Liquefied Natural Gas.

The **Option Adjusted Spread (OAS)** measures the spread over a variety of possible interest rate paths. A security's OAS is the average return an investor will earn over Treasury returns, taking all possible future interest rate scenarios into account. The OAS is the net spread over the swap curve that will on average be earned if the security is held to maturity.

Rising star is the term given to a bond that was rated high yield but has since been upgraded to investment grade.

"Risk assets" are any financial security or instrument that are likely to fluctuate in price.

Risk premia is the return in excess of the risk-free rate of return an investment is expected to yield.

Roll yield is the yield that a futures investor captures as their long position in a futures contract converges to the spot price.

"Safe haven" is an investment that is expected to retain or increase in value during times of market turbulence.

"Safe Spread" is defined as sectors that we believe are most likely to withstand the vicissitudes of a wide range of possible economic scenarios. All investments contain risk and may lose value.

The **SEC yield** is an annualized yield based on the most recent 30 day period. The subsidized yield includes contractual expense reimbursements and it would be lower without those reimbursements. The **Unsubsidized 30 day SEC Yield** excludes contractual expense reimbursements.

Tracking error measures the dispersion or volatility of excess returns relative to a benchmark.

To relate the price sensitivity of ILBs to changes in nominal yields, yield beta is applied to nominal changes to arrive at a price sensitivity of ILBs to changes in nominal rates. A **yield beta** of 0.90 implies that if nominal yields move 100 basis points, real yields will move 90 basis points. ILBs with long maturity may respond differently to changes in nominal rates than shorter maturity ILBs.

The distribution yield for monthly paying Funds is calculated by annualizing actual dividends distributed for the monthly period ended on the date shown and dividing by the net asset value on the last business day for the same period. The distribution yield for quarterly paying Funds is calculated by taking the average of the prior four quarterly distribution yields. The quarterly distribution yields are calculated by annualizing actual dividends distributed for the quarterly period ended on the most recent quarterly distribution date and dividing by the net asset value for the same date. The yield does not include long- or short-term capital gains distributions.

Asset-Backed Security (ABS); Bank of England (BOE); Bank of Japan (BOJ); Breakeven Inflation (BEI); Collateralized Debt Obligation (CDO); Collateralized Loan Obligation (CLO); Commercial Mortgage-Backed Security (CMBS); Developed Markets (DM); Emerging Markets (EM); Federal Reserve Board (The Fed); Europe Central Bank (ECB); Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC); Foreign Exchange (FX); Gross Domestic Product (GDP); Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC); High Yield (HY); Inflation-Linked Bond (ILS); Investment Grade (IG); Leveraged-buyout (LBO); Loan-to-Value (LTV); Master Limited Partnership (MLP); Mortgage-Backed Security (MBS); Market Weighted Spread (MWS); Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT); Residential Mortgage-Backed Security (RMBS); Treasury Inflation-Protected Security (TIPS); Year-over-Year (YoY)

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